



Buried Treasures
Central Florida Genealogical Society, Inc.
P. O. Box 536309, Orlando, FL 32853-6309
Web Site: <http://www.geocities.com/cfgscfsg>
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The Central Florida Genealogical Society, Inc. meets monthly, September through May.
Meetings are held at the **BEARDALL SENIOR CENTER** on the third **Tuesday** of each month at 7:30 pm. Beardall Senior Center is located at 800 S. Delaney Ave. (corner of Orange Ave and Gore St.) near downtown Orlando. The Daytime Group meets year-round at 1:30 p.m. on Thursday afternoons bi-monthly (odd numbered months.) The Board meets year-round on the **fourth Tuesday** of each month at 6:30 p.m. at the **ORLANDO PUBLIC LIBRARY**. All are welcome to attend.

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Contributors to this issue

Alice Creel Ball
William Morgan
Norman Myers

Sim Seckbach
Betty Jo Stockton

President's Message

I would like to thank the membership for having the confidence in me to elect me as your president for a second term. The summer is upon us and many of you will be going on research trips. In the past I have used my research trips not only to do research but to visit the areas where ancestors lived and to meet previously unknown relatives that I had found through my research. I encourage everyone to do the same. It is a very rewarding experience.

One of the first places that I go in each city or village that I visit is a local bookstore (if one is available), rather than one of the chain stores. Often they have books on the local area that are not available in the chain stores. I then approach Visitor's Centers or local museums for the same purpose. I have been able to find local histories that contain much genealogical material in this fashion. I want to know how my ancestors lived, not just names and dates. I have not made plans for a trip so far for this summer but I know that after I do so, my book shelf will be more crowded on my return.

At our meetings this fall we will try to reserve some time for any members who wish to do so to relate experiences that they had on their summer research trips. We will also need members to relate holiday experiences at our December meeting and possibly a member-sharing program in the spring. Several members have offered suggestions for what they would like to have for programs or how the meeting should be conducted. We still need suggestions from others.

I was overwhelmed this year with the number of volunteers that we had for our different projects and events. We will also need volunteers this year. I find that the more I put into an organization, the more I also receive from the organization. There is room for everyone to participate and everyone is welcomed.

I hope everyone has a wonderful summer and I look forward to seeing each of you in the fall.

Genealogy gives us old ancestors, new relatives, and friends in a like pursuit.

Sim Seckbach

Thoughts from your editor...

I'm writing this on Mother's Day and once again we've had the family together to celebrate the day — Florida style, with dinner on the screen porch followed by the kids spending the afternoon in the lake.

Since we had our four generations of Elizabeths together (with a couple of Roberts & a David thrown in), it seemed a good time to let the kids learn more about how life "used to be". So I gave my grandchildren a quick course in how to conduct an oral history interview, turned on the video camera and off they went. I'd written out a few questions to get them started — the sorts of things that would interest the younger set and turned them loose.

So Elisabeth (13), Robert (11) and David (9) spent a pleasant hour interviewing their great-grandmother, Elizabeth (89), about how she spent her childhood and what Orlando was like in the 1920s.

They were especially astonished by the description of how laundry was done. Every Monday was washday in the Stalder family. Water was heated on the stove, clothes were scrubbed on a washboard and the white things boiled. Then everything was hung on the clothesline in the yard. It took all day to do the laundry for the 11 family members. Then Tuesday was ironing day — with irons being heated on the stove. The littlest girls ironed the handkerchiefs and flat things "the rough ironing". As the girls got older, they moved on to more difficult ironing (with Mom as the oldest girl doing her Dad's dress shirts from a very young age.)

Other questions were: "What did you do for fun?"; "What were your parents like?"; "Where did you meet Grandpa Bob?"; "What schools did you go to and what were they like?"; "What was Orlando like when you were a kid?" and "What were your grandparents like?"

My pre-arranged questions led to others that the children came up with on their own — on the Depression ("the bank took all your money? That's not fair!"). They asked about schools and games ("Beardall Center was a **new** school when you went there?")

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The Civilian Conservation Corps (CCC)

by Mahlon I. Martin , for use with the MSGenWeb Project. <http://usgw.org/ms/perry/ccc.htm>
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"A Dollar A Day, Three Hots and a Flop"

The CCC was formed in 1933, through the efforts of President Franklin D. Roosevelt. The driving force behind the formulation of the CCC was the very high unemployment rate of younger American males due to the depression.

"I propose to create a Civilian Conservation Corps to be used in simple work... more important, however, than the material gains will be the moral and spiritual value of such work."

Franklin D. Roosevelt March 9, 1933

The idea was to employ these young men in projects such as reforestry, soil conservation, building roads, bridges, state parks, and dams; laying telephone lines, building fire observation towers etc.

This bold idea credited to Roosevelt was not entirely new. The states of California and Washington, with the Forest Service running subsistence camps for the unemployed, had already implemented programs. Local authorities provided clothing and food while the Forest Service provided housing and directed the work.

In addition, by 1932, the countries of Bulgaria, Norway, Sweden, Denmark, Austria and, above all, Germany had conservation camps for the unemployed. The German Labor Service was, by far, the best known and more nearly comparable to the CCC. The German program ended up being a major propaganda tool for Hitler and because of this, Roosevelt always denied that the CCC was patterned after the German Labor Service. The CCC was first named Emergency Conservation Work but was changed to the Civilian Conservation Corps in June 1937.

To qualify for the CCC, a young man had to be between the ages of 17 and 25 (later changed to 18-28), single, jobless, in good physical condition and needy. He signed up for 6 months, which he could extend for up to 2 years or longer if he was promoted to a leadership position. They were paid \$30.00 per month with \$22.00 - \$25.00 of his pay going home to his family.

The first boy was signed up on 7 Apr 1933. By July of 1933 there were 274,375 boys in 1,300 camps! At its peak in September 1937, there were 502,000 members in 2,514 camps.

The Army built and ran the camps. Each camp usually consisted of 4 barracks, each housing 40-50 men. There was a mess hall, recreation building, officers quarters, a school for night classes and a latrine and bathhouse separate from the barracks.

When the CCC troops formed for work in the morning, the Forest Service took over and directed the work. There are many structures throughout the United States built by the CCC that are still in use today.

The average CCC boy enlisted when he was 18 ½ years of age and stayed in for 9 months, gained 12-30 pounds in weight and a half-inch in height. He had finished the 8th grade, had no job before joining the CCC and had three to four family members dependant upon him. Sixty percent were from small towns or farms.

During its existence the CCC built 46,854 bridges, 3,116 fire-lookout towers, more than 448 million feet of fencing, 318,076 dams for erosion control, and 33,087 miles of terracing. The CCC fought forest fires, planted trees and grass, dug canals and ditches, laid pipe, improved wildlife habitat and build and took care of thousands of miles of hiking trails.

There were accidental deaths by drowning and falls. Forty-seven were killed in forest fires. Three hundred were killed in 1935 when a hurricane demolished 3 camps in the Florida Keys. CCC boys in these 3 camps had been building a railroad. Most of these were World War I veterans.

The camps provided all types of education and training, from elementary school to technical school. Nearly 8,500 CCC boys were taught to read and write in 1938-1939.

With the start of WW II in 1941 many, if not most, CCC boys went into the military service. In 1942 the CCC was officially disbanded and the Army dismantled the prefabricated buildings and hauled them away to be reassembled as Army barracks. When you go looking for one of the old CCC camps now, you'll be lucky to find a slab, road or some other evidence that a camp once stood there. However, almost anywhere you go you will find monuments to their work, such as;

- The headquarters of the Chippewa National Forest is among the largest log buildings in existence.
- A 6,000 seat amphitheater at Mt. Tamalpais State Park in California is made of stones weighing up to 2 tons each.
- A stone and masonry dam and bridge at Cumberland Mountain State Park near Crossville, Tennessee that is 347 feet long and has no steel reinforcements.
- Forest Lake, now Paul B. Johnson State Park, was initially dug by the CCC. (It was later expanded by German POW's)
- Many of the rock overlooks along roadsides, especially in State and National Parks.
- Many vacation log cabins in State and National Parks were build by the CCC.



- Many hiking trails throughout State and National Parks and Forest.

Did you know that while the CCCs were in service....

- 46, 854 bridges were constructed.
- 800 state parks were created. Before this, many states, including Hawaii, Alaska, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands, had no state parks.
- 85,000 American Indians enlisted in CCC programs.
- 4,622 fish rearing ponds were created.
- 3,980 historic structures were restored. The Gettysburg Battlefield was among them.
- 5,000 miles of water supply lines were laid.
- 3,462 beaches were improved.
- 45 million trees and shrubs were relocated for landscaping.
- 3 **billion** trees were planted.
- Millions of acres and thousands of lakes were, for the first time, surveyed and mapped.
- 1,865 drinking fountains were installed.
- 27,191 miles of fences were constructed.
- 204 lodges and museums were established.
- 201,739 man-days were spent fighting coal fires, many of which had been burning since the earliest recorded American history. In Wyoming alone, the CCC boys saved billions of tons of coal.
- Hundreds of thousands of man-days were spent in fighting forest fires.
- 3,116 lookout towers were constructed in parks and historic sites.
- 8,065 wells and pump houses were built.
- Thousands of man-days were spent in flood control.

Shenandoah Chapter of the Civilian Conservation Corps

Website : <<http://pages.prodigy.com/reunion/facts.htm>>

ROSTER, COMPANY 5412 Citronelle, Ala. SP-11

Below is the roster for Company 5412 taken from the Official Annual of District "G", Fourth Corps Area, Civilian Conservation Corps (CCC). It includes the names of more than 170 men from Mississippi, Alabama, and Florida who served in this company. After each man's name, his home town is listed.

There are 31 companies listed in the annual, including 7 African-American companies. The annual contains more than 6,000 names of those who served in CCC companies in 1936 in the northern Gulf Coast region of the three states.

Official Annual of District "G", Fourth Corps Area, Civilian Conservation Corps ROSTER, COMPANY 5412 Citronelle, Ala. SP-11

USING SERVICE PERSONNEL

W.J. Donovan, Supt.
T. B. Jacoway
Thomas E. Wilkerson
W.D. Collins
T. C. Cole
C. A. Coats
Harve
y A. Connell
J. E. McAlpine
B.C. Gamel

LEADERS

W.F. Andrews, Plant City FL
J. H. Harrison, Uriah AL
W. R. Faulkner, Sidney FL
L. H. Garner, Graceville FL
C. L. Manning, Citronelle AL
Frank J. Mason, Estill, S.C.
H. D. Olive, Greenwood FL
Rufus Taylor, Uriah AL
Ubie Smith, Citronelle AL

ASSISTANT LEADERS

John S. Baldy, Bradenton FL
Robert M. Corbitt, Myakka City FL
Lonnie Davis, McCullough AL
Joe Douglas, Manatee FL
J.M. Jowers, Pinneta FL
Eslie C. Kelley, Walker Springs AL
Ubie Nolan, Huxford AL
Fred M. Russell, Grady AL
Gordon N. Saunders, Bradenton FL
Owen Sherrouse, Nocatee FL
William Stivers, Dover FL

MEMBERS

Henry F. Barber, Ben Hill, Ga.
R.W. Barber, Plant City FL
Gurney A. Beach, Sprague AL
Jesse Bedgood, Brewton AL
M. Blankenship, Skene MS.
W. H. Booth, Citronelle AL
W. P. Brady, Hahanville LA
B.M. Bryant, Montgomery, Ala
Floyd Busby, Theodora AL
Y. H. Busby, Waynesboro MS
Byron Butts, Winnona MS
L.A. Campbell, Provencal LA
T. E. Campbell, Provencal LA
Paul W. Cannon, Parrish LA
H.L. Caraway, Fairhope AL
A. E. Carrol, Brahton MS
Leon L. Carter, Hurley MS
Nuncio Cerniglia, Greenville MS
Sam Chance, Provencal LA
D. A. Chancey, Parrish FL
William W. Cooper, McCullough AL

Buell Cope, Lakeland FL
Vaden Courtney, Lower Peach Tree AL
James Daigrepoint, Bunkie LA
Gonzlo A. Davis, Sarasota FL
Anthony A. DeGrado, New Orleans LA
Ernest Q. Denmark, Leaksville, MS
John W. Dennis, Atmore AL
J.T. Douglas, Manatee FL
Thomas E. Ellerbe, Plant City FL
L.M. Faulkenberry, Uriah AL
K.C. Feighner, Mobile AL
C.A. Fowler, Nocatee FL
Harvey Fowler, Alligator MS
R. B. Fretwell, Marian AL
Elder R. Friday, Chestnut LA
Curtis Gainey, Samson AL
Coburn Godwin, Citronelle AL
H. Godwin, Plant City FL
Jim Gour, Marthaville LA
George B. Gray, Nocatee FL
Chester Gunter, Goldonna LA

Talmadge Hanchey, Dover FL
 Flavel L. Hancock, Dover FL
 Hugh Hardin, Plant City, Fla
 Collins B. Harris, Sidney FL
 E. Harrison, Darlove MS
 W.W. Hennis, Yarbo AL
 Clyde Hine, Parrish FL
 M.E. Holt, Natchitoches LA
 William L. Horne, Parish FL
 Vody Howard, Whistler AL
 George M. Isham, Venice FL
 Revel Jackson, Baker Hill AL
 Vernon L. Johnson, Montgomery AL
 W.H. Johnson, Huxford AL
 Otis B. Joyner, Ashland LA
 Simmie R. Jones, Corbin LA
 P. Kizziah, Brookwood AL
 G.A. Krell, Bradenton FL
 T.J. Lewis, Plant City FL
 T.W. Lewis, Plant City FL
 Jessie Litton, Marthaville LA
 S. Luker, McCullough AL
 James McComas, Sarasota FL
 O.E. McGhee, Pine Level AL
 L.C. McKinney, Whistler AL
 Underwood McKinley, Fulton AL
 Albert N. McLeod, Leakesville MS
 N.L. McQueen, Wilson LA
 Herbert A. Mallett, Dozier AL
 J. Marcilli, Natchitoches LA
 Lamar Mills, Headline AL
 G. Missildine, Billingsey AL
 Peter L. Mitchell, La Pine AL
 Robert G. Mizell, Parrish FL
 Isom Monroe, Goldonna LA
 J.C. Moon, Sidney FL
 M. Murphay, Kilmichael MS
 John H. Nolan, Huxford AL
 Odus Norwood, Arcadia FL
 Erven Ortman, Plant City FL
 Harry Owen, Bay Minette AL
 Basil Page, Arcadia FL
 C. Parrish, Robeline LA
 R. Partridge, Loxley AL

W.R. Payne, Plant City FL
 R.L. Phillips, Shelby MS
 Samuel Polk, Marthaville LA
 J.T. Poole, Natchitoches LA
 Ralph E. Poore, Laurel MS
 Stevens Rachal, Floral LA
 Reille Reid, Uriah AL
 Calvin J. Revels, Parrish FL
 J. R. Rond, Powhatan LA
 B. R. Rouse, Lucedale MS
 B. M. Sanders, Provencal LA
 Buck Sawyer, Frisco AL
 R. Scarborough, Nocatee FL
 Jessie W. Sheffield, Turkey Creek FL
 Joe Henry Shelley, Uriah AL
 John Singletary, Sarasota FL
 Homer Smith, Sidney FL
 M.R. Snead, Bradenton FL
 O. G. Spencer, Bradenton, Fla
 H. G. Spriggs, Plant City FL
 Lyston J. Stanton, Mexia AL
 L. Suggs, Palm View FL
 Woodroe W. Swain, Myakka City FL
 Herman Henry Taylor, Fort Green FL
 James Vinson, Durant MS
 Elra Ward, Vandin MS
 William Collier Wately, Birmingham AL
 O. S. Watson, Plant City FL
 Chris H. Watts, York AL
 J. O. Whitcomb, Arcadia FL
 Richard W. Wilkes, Montgomery AL
 Clifford Williams, Russell Station AL
 Roy L. Williams, Centerville AL
 Ollie B. Willis, Sarasota FL
 Woodrow Wright, Selma AL
 Lykes Yoemans, Arcadia FL

Army Personnel

1st Lt. F. O. Rudesill, Commanding
 2nd Lt. Collins Cameron, Exchange Officer
 1st Lt. Dave Berman, Camp Surgeon
 Mr. J. S. Mallett, CEA

“Company 5412, recruited from the vicinity of Plant City, Arcadia, Bradenton, and other West Coast Florida towns, arrived on the scene of its CCC endeavors to find a camp site already constructed in the scrub pine sandhills of South Alabama, by a departing Second Corps Area outfit, Company 230, which had moved from Collins Cameron Uriah, Alabama, to Citronelle in June, 1935, and gone on to Winnemucca, Nevada, in July.

Since that hot day in the middle of August 1935, Company 5412, has proceeded on the theory that, if it wanted anything, it had to be by concentrated effort. Finding that "life in the woods" could be made pleasant by getting things done, the Company produced the men who could turn the trick. At the time this is being written, every job but the three top kitchen ratings is held by some member of that band of raw conditioning camp recruits, who rolled off the train in Citronelle, after riding for two days and eating cheese sandwiches, and then conditioned in its civilian clothes for two weeks of drill and work.

During the fall, the Company was finding itself and its capabilities, LEM's from the departed Company 230, and a cadre gathered from Youngstown, Florida, and Chunchula, Alabama camps held the ratings and "dished out" the instruction.

An intensive and extensive camp beautification program was promptly inaugurated and is still being energetically prosecuted, materially aided by the fact that; several nurseries specializing in evergreens are situated in the surrounding country. Many an extra fatigue detail has toiled over the transplanting of shrubbery and has assisted in the uprooting and packing of shrubbery designed for beautification of neighboring camps and for the District "G" Headquarters at Fort Barrancas. Visitors to the camp always leave impressed by the beauty which has been wrought on the bare sand hill over which the Company buildings sprawl, in a large hollow square.

Favorite sports are tennis, ping pong and swimming, with one tennis court in constant play and another in the process of building.

Captain L. W. Pickett, 13th CA., and Lieutenant J. B. Webb, 39th Inf., the first officers, were succeeded by Captain Henry B. Hart and First Lieutenant Gaines E. Maxwell, both of the 310th Cav. Lieutenant Maxwell was transferred and replaced by 1st Lieutenant Harold W. Gourgues, Inf., CASC, Beauregarde and now, June 4, Captain Hart is turning the Company over to another cavalryman, 1st Lieutenant F. O. Rudesill, 31Q Cav.

The Company was served for a short time by R. C. Carlisle, Educational Adviser, who was replaced early in February, 1936. Since that time John S. Mallett, an EEP teacher from Mobile, Alabama, has served in that capacity."

Compiled by Ralph Poore <poorehouse@qwest.net> and sent to CFGS by Ann Connell. Used with permission.

For more information on the Civilian Conservation Corps:

General Information: The Website of the CCC Alumni at: <<http://www.cccalumni.org/>> or bibliography below.

Rosters: There is no site on the Internet that includes rosters of all the CCC camps. Several sites have rosters of specific camps, among them:

Links to rosters from a number of states: <<http://members.aol.com/famjustin/cccroster.html>>

Moberly, Missouri: Company Utopian 3758 <<http://www.geocities.com/~willardsmith/ccc.html>>

Pennsylvania Units CCC:< <http://www.geocities.com/ccchistory/1936annual.html>>

Camp Enotah, GA; Blairsville, Georgia Company 431 <<http://members.aol.com/famjustin/Co431Roster.html>>

Fort Collins, Colorado Company 3888 <<http://www.geocities.com/ccchistory/co3888roster.html>>

More can be found using any search engine.

Civilian Conservation Corp. Camp Papers: Search through CRL's database (does not include individual names) at: <<http://www.crl.uchicago.edu/DBSearch/Ccc.asp>>

Research on the CCC: “All personnel files are still held by the federal government. The enrollee or the enrollee's next of kin may request discharge papers. Discharge papers are the best source to find the company and camps the enrollee was assigned to. Write to: National Archives and Records Administration (NARA), National Personnel Records Center, Civilian Personnel Records, 111 Winnebago Street, St. Louis, MO 63118.

“Other information, including camp and company reports, reside in the National Archives. To date these items are not indexed, but are available for study at the National Archives in Washington, D.C. Anyone can receive CCC information from the Archives by calling Mr. Gene Morris, Civilian Records, Textual Archives Services in College Park, Maryland, at 301-837-1993, extension 268.”

from the CCC Guidelines for Research at <<http://www.cccalumni.org/guidelines.html>>

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*United States. National Archives and Records Service. *Preliminary inventory of the records of the Civilian Conservation Corps : record group 35* FL State Library GS 4.10:11

taken in part from the bibliography at the CCC Alumni site at <<http://www.cccalumni.org/biblo.html>>

*available locally

Abstracts of Pre-Civil War Court Records of Orange County, Florida continued

abstracted by William Morgan

20 October 1853

Court reconvened.

The case of State of Florida v. James E. Green, a charge of false imprisonment, transferred to absentee docket because defendant has moved out of this jurisdiction.

In the case of State of Florida v. Aaron Jernigan, Jr., a charge of assault and battery, pertinent papers could not be located by the clerk. Case continued to next term.

In the case of State of Florida v. John Patrick, a charge of assault and battery, defendant pled guilty and submitted to the mercy of the court. Fine of 6 and 1/4 cents imposed.

The case of State of Florida v. Malakia Harper, a charge of adultery and fornication, dismissed as defendant has apparently married the woman in question since date of indictment.

The case of State of Florida v. Hampton Hunter, a charge of adultery and fornication, dismissed as defendant has apparently married the woman in question since date of indictment.

The case of State of Florida v. Needham Bass, a charge of assault and battery, transferred to absentee docket because defendant has moved out of this jurisdiction.

The case of State of Florida v. Thomas Starke, Sr., a charge of permitting slaves to keep and use firearms, dismissed on motion of defendant.

The case of State of Florida v. James Martin, a charge of adultery and fornication, continued to next term.

In the case of State of Florida v. George U. Thompson, a charge of murder, defendant pled not guilty. A Petit Jury consisting of the following men was empanelled to hear the arguments:

Andrew J. Rooks	John Hughey (foreman)	Charles T. Cherry
Joseph D. Buchan	Jesse Byrd	John Tanner
Washington M. Sharpe	James Padget	William W. Woodruff
Jackson Clayton	William Hunter	Hampton Hunter

Jury found defendant guilty of lesser charge of manslaughter, imposed fine of \$3,000. Court ordered prisoner to remain in custody until both fine and court costs may be paid.

The following cases were continued to next term:

State of Florida v. Eliza Glenn, a charge of adultery and fornication.

State of Florida v. Jesse Byrd, a charge of retailing spiritous liquors without a license.

State of Florida v. Robert Barnard, a charge of retailing spiritous liquors without a license.

William Campbell v. Robert Barnhart.

George W. Aldrich v. John Patrick.

J. McRobert Baker v. John Simpson, alias summons also ordered.

Nicholas Sheppard v. Mitchell Brownlee.

Washington M. Sharpe v. Thomas Starke.

Benjamin Hopkins, trustee v. James Martin and Hampton Hunter, a charge of trespass, alias summons also ordered.

In the case of *Hiram S. Farrar v. William Starling*, the following Petit Jury was empanelled to hear arguments:

Hezekiah E. Osteen	John Tanner	John O. Bethel
Charles Martin	Andrew J. Rooks	Hampton Hunter
John D. Sheldon	John Hughey	James Padget
William Hunton	Jackson Clayton	J. D. Buchan

Jury assessed damages due plaintiff in the amount of \$15.66 plus \$6.35 in costs.

In the cases of *R & D. C. Herndon v. William F. Russell* and *William F. Russell v. Nathaniel C. Scobie*, Mr. Russell determined to be a resident of St. Lucie County. Since there is no sheriff currently serving said county, William H. Holden appointed to deliver summons.

4 April 1854

Spring Term convened by clerk Arthur Ginn and sheriff Elijah Watson, the Honorable William A. Forward presiding.

A Grand Jury consisting of the following men was empanelled:

John D. Stewart	George Hughey	Lewis Conner
John D. Sheldon	John Hughey	William Vaux
H.E. Osteen	James Patrick	William Starling
Hampton Hunter	C. Lassitter	Ora Carpenter
John Patrick	Isaac Winegard	Samuel Pringle

James Yates selected as bailiff for Grand Jury. Needham Yates selected as bailiff for court.

James B. Dawkins and George W. Hawkins passed state bar examination and authorized to practice law before the court.

In the case of *State of Florida v. Aaron Jernigan, Jr.*, a charge of assault and battery, clerk unable to locate the original indictment. Case suspended.

In the case of *State of Florida v. James Martin*, a charge of adultery and fornication, defendant pled not guilty. The following Petit Jury was empanelled to hear arguments:

A.J. Rourke	William Woodruff	Thomas C. Buchan
A.J. Vaughn	William Minshew	Joseph Harmon
Thomas Hughey	John Padgett	Jacob Smith
Robert Bowler	Robert Barnhart	

Jury returned a verdict of not guilty.

The case of *State of Florida v. Eliza Glenn*, a charge of adultery and fornication, suspended by prosecutor.

In the case of *State of Florida v. Jesse Byrd*, a charge of selling spiritous liquors without a license, defendant pled not guilty. Jury returned a verdict of not guilty.

In the case of *State of Florida v. Robert Barnhart*, a charge of selling spiritous liquors without a license, defendant remanded to custody of sheriff because his name was misspelled on original indictment.

In the case of *William Campbell v. Robert Barnhart*, John D. Sheldon allowed to represent deceased plaintiff as his executor. Clerk assessed damages due plaintiff in the amount of \$413.30.

The case of *J. McRobert Baker v. John Simpson* dismissed by plaintiff.

The following cases were continued to next term:

Nicholas Sheppard v. Mitchell A. Brownlee.

William F. Russell v. Nathaniel C. Scobie.

The following witnesses testified before the Grand Jury: Elijah Watson, Jesse Byrd, Lewis M. Connor, and Andrew J. Rourke.

The Grand Jury returned the following indictments:

State of Florida v. Robert Barnhart, a charge of retailing spiritous liquors without a license.

Defendants petitioned to open judgment on following cases of debt:

State of Florida v. Caleb L. Brayton

State of Florida v. William D. Ward

State of Florida v. William H. Holden

In the case of *Venancio Sanchez v. James R. Sanchez*, defendant acknowledged \$10,015 in damages awarded in Putnam County.

In the case of *Francis Bridier v. James R. Sanchez*, defendant acknowledged \$898 in damages awarded in Putnam County.

17 April 1854

Presiding judge not present, adjourned till following day.

18 April 1854

Court convened by Judge William A. Forward. Present were: Solicitor J. M. Baker, Clerk Arthur Ginn, and Sheriff Elijah Watson.

A Grand Jury consisting of the following men was empanelled:

John L. Stewart	A. J. Vaughn	John P. Craig
Hampton Hunter	William O. Simmons	Jonathan C. Stewart
Aaron Jernigan	John C. Houston	Matthew Stewart
James Yates	Jacob Smith	Hezekiah E. Osteen
Charles Griffith	Campbell Lassitter	

Needham Yates was appointed bailiff.

The Grand Jury returned an indictment on charges of assault and battery in *State of Florida v. David Higginbotham*.

In the case of *Nicholas Shepard v. M.A. Brownlee*, plaintiff was given 20 days to file his declaration.

The trespass case of *Benjamin Hopkins, Trustee v. James Martin and Hampton Hunter* was dismissed due to plaintiff's failure to file a formal declaration.

Following cases transferred to Dead Docket due to deaths of plaintiffs:

Henry Gee v. John Patrick.

Angus M.D. King v. Arthur Ginn.

Clerk assessed damages in following cases:

Herman A. Crane v. Algernon S. Speer, \$151.00.

James W. Bryant v. Charles T. Buchan, \$185.21.

The case of *Andrew J. Rourke v. Robert Barnhart* dismissed by plaintiff.

The case of *Robert Bowler v. John Simpson, Sheriff, et al*, discontinued by plaintiff.

In the case of *John Doe ex. d. Aaron Jernigan v. Richard Roe and Charles T. Buchan*, plaintiff sought to eject defendant Buchan from a room in residence occupied by defendant Roe. The following Petit Jury was empanelled to hear arguments:

W.M. Sharpe	Daniel G. Brewer	John Hughey
William Woodruff	Daniel A. Newton	Riley Lee
Francis Dunstan	Andrew J. Rourke	William H. Holden
Ora Carpenter	Thomas Hughey	John Patrick

Verdict was returned for the plaintiff.

Following cases continued to next term:

Washington M. Sharpe v. Thomas Starke.

James O. Duvall v. Algernon S. Speer.

P. W. Alexander v. Algernon S. Speer.

Thomas M. Norwood v. Algernon S. Speer.

P.S. Farro, Survivor v. Algernon S. Speer

19 April 1854

The Grand Jury returned an indictment for retailing spiritous liquors without a license in *State of Florida v. Robert Barnhart*.

The Grand Jury requested that notice of a bill of foreclosure filed in the case of *James A. Russell, William Clement, and Wyatt Cannady v. William F. Russell* be published in the Jacksonville newspapers. Russell owed his creditors the sum of \$5,556.00, due 25 October 1854. If he failed to pay this sum by the due date, his land on the Ocklawaha River in Marion County was to be sold at a public auction conducted by the Sheriff of Orange County. The land was a tract of 160 acres, occupying the southwest quarter of Section 9, Township 15 East, Range 3 South. Creditors also filed a lien against Russell's following slaves and all their children born after 6 March 1847 in the event that the sale of land failed to cover the amount of his debt: Patsey, Betsey, Diley, Sarah, Gile, Reuben, and Stephen.

In the case of *State of Florida v. David Higginbotham* on charges of assault and battery, defendant released on bail of \$100.00. Sureties were John Hughey and Isaac Winegard.

In the case of *George W. Aldridge v. John Patrick*, a copy of a promissory note in the amount of \$20.00 dated 2 December 1848 was recorded.

The case of *William F. Russell v. Nathaniel C. Scobie* moved to the Dead Docket, due to death of defendant.

Following cases continued to next term:

James R. Aiken v. Thomas J. Starke.

Paul B. Canova v. Jesse Byrd.

Samuel D. Morgan v. Algernon S. Speer.

David Higginbotham v. Aaron Jernigan, Jr., a case of slander.

Aaron Jernigan v. David Higginbotham, a case of trespass.

Expand your Genealogical Skills - Volunteer!

by Betty Jo Stockton

We've always heard that the best way to learn something is to do it; the best way to be sure that you know something is to teach it to someone else. These truisms apply nicely in the field of genealogy.

One of the best ways to learn is by working at the local FHC. You'll learn in order to help the patrons who visit — and you'll learn even more by talking with those same patrons. The folks who come into the Par Street FHC have taught me lots. I've had to learn to use the Freedman's Bureau CD, in order to help others in using it. I've learned to look for the Dawes Rolls for Native American research, to check the Police Census for New York and that the 1880 census on CD is a gold mine. Patrons have shown me the Social Security applications they've ordered, the naturalization papers they've found and opened my eyes to a number of resources I'd never heard of. I've found who know most about a specific area of research — and when they're available for specific answers to my questions.

Another way to learn is to volunteer to help others on-line. Offer to do lookups for the Random Acts of Genealogical Kindness site at <http://raogk.rootsweb.com/> or on the local GenWeb site [Orange Co at www.rootsweb.com/~florange/florange.htm or others through the FL GenWeb site www.rootsweb.com/~usgenweb/fl/flfiles.htm or USGenWeb at <http://www.usgenweb.com/index.html>.] Volunteer to research subjects you don't know much about — finding materials for someone in the local courthouse or cemetery will help you learn to find similar records in the area you're searching and give you ideas for resources you hadn't thought about.

Compile and post local records on the Internet for the area where you live — or the area where you are researching. One CFGS member, Evie Buchanan, has extracted census records for several census years for Green County, KY. As I proofed these for her, I realized how different those farm-country folks were from my middle-sized city ones. A new member of CFGS, William Morgan, has created a web site devoted to Old Pine Castle, FL and posted records there. He has also posted a listing of all the Civil War Veterans (Confederate and Union) of Orange County, FL.

Gather local records and put them into book form, give them to the local library / history center or submit them to a genealogical society for publication in newsletters and journals. If you can't think of a project, CFGS always has some waiting for volunteers.

Every bit of research you do — even if it is not specific to your family — will make you a better researcher. If you can't get to the cemetery in Nova Scotia where your folks are interred, walk and record one where you are. You'll learn in the process and, hopefully, someone is doing the same thing in Nova Scotia. I've found that mentioning that I volunteer here makes folks more willing to do lookups for me elsewhere.

None of the suggestions here need consume great amounts of time (though you may become addicted — and that's another story.) The Random Acts of Kindness site asks that you commit to one lookup a month; surely you can find that much time! Compiling records can often be done at home in the wee hours of the morning, if that's your choice. A cemetery can be walked over a long period — 30 minutes at a time. Perhaps you could “pop into” the courthouse or Regional History Center on a lunch hour or combine it with a trip to the downtown library. The local Family History Center would love to have you commit to work a shift each week, but also needs substitutes for when the regulars have vacations or family illness.

Why not help yourself — as well as other genealogists. Find a project that interests you. Then **VOLUNTEER**.

Editor's note: Subtle hint - the Par Street FHC needs volunteers. There is usually time to work on your own research during slow times, you'll learn a lot and keys to the FHC are given to those workers who have proved to be reliable (which means I can go in at 7 a.m. to look at my own films.) If you're interested, give Bob Allain a call at the FHC 407-895-4832 (Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday or Saturday between 9-2) or Email: boballain@aol.com.

Southern States Master Index

James L. Edenfield, of Warner Robbins, GA, is creating a wonderful resource for researchers in Florida, Georgia and Alabama. James has developed Master Indexes for Marriages, Cemeteries and the 1850 Censuses for Calhoun, Jackson, and Washington Counties in Florida and surrounding counties including some counties in Georgia and Alabama. It now includes 667 cemeteries and 105,152 graves. Find it at: <http://www.rootsweb.com/~fljackso/mindexes/mindexes.htm>.

Counties included are:

Marriages:

Florida

Calhoun, Gadsden (1998-2000), Jackson, Liberty, Washington

Georgia

Decatur, Emanuel

Cemeteries:

Alabama: Barbour, Geneva, Houston,

Florida: Bay, Calhoun, Escambia, Franklin, Gadsden, Gulf, Holmes, Jackson, Jefferson, Levy, Liberty, Santa Rosa, Wakulla, Washington

Georgia: Decatur, Grady, Seminole

1850 Census

Alabama: Henry

Florida: Alachua, Calhoun, Duval, Escambia, Franklin, Gadsden, Holmes, Jackson, Jefferson, Leon, Madison, Wakulla, Walton, Washington

Georgia: Baker, Decatur, Early, Emanuel, Tattnall, Thomas

Sample Entry - Cemetery Index

ATWELL, Michael Anthony	-	Dec 1951	Greenwood Cemetery (A-F), Panama City, Bay Co., FL
ATWOOD, Jim B.	May 28, 1934	Jun 13, 1996	Lynn Haven Cemetery, Lynn Haven, Bay County, FL
ATWOOD, Margaret A.	May 3, 1952	-	Lynn Haven Cemetery, Lynn Haven, Bay County, FL
AUBER, Lucy D	1899	1961	Tallahassee Memory Gardens, Tallahassee, FL

Sample Entry - 1850 Census Index

McIVER, William	11	M	Gadsden Co., Florida (Part A)
McKAIN, James	23	M	Alachua County, Florida (Part B)
McKANAN, Mary	28	F	Franklin County, Florida
McKAY, A. N.	40	M	Franklin County, Florida
McKAY, Daniel	42	M	Tattnall County, Georgia

Book Reviews

Our Quaker Ancestors - Finding Them in Quaker Records, Genealogical Publishing Co., Inc., 1987. At OPL - 929.1 Ber. (may be checked out)

This is an excellent guidebook written in 1986 by Ellen Thomas Berry, M.A., C.G., and David Allen Berry, B.A., C.G. The book provides a thorough insight into how to research Quaker Records. When the Berrys began their own Quaker research, they found that Quaker genealogy, a subject in its own right, demanded special research methods. Their guidebook should save the researcher many hours by teaching them the rudimentary knowledge needed to find their way through Quaker records.

The book gives a background and history of The Religious Society of Friends. It also explains patterns of migration and expansion, how to locate and search Quaker records and explains what is contained in those records. You will also learn of historical societies and libraries with Quaker material and other non-Quaker sources for records. It teaches you Quaker terminology and abbreviations, and has a thorough glossary and bibliography. If you have Quaker ancestors, I highly recommend that you read this book before you start your research. It will save you a lot of time and frustration.

review by Elaine Powell

Bellemere by Walter "Bucky" Allen. Synchronicity Press, 2000. At OPL: FIC ALL

A novel about our home town — how unusual! And an historically accurate novel — almost unheard of!

When Steve Rajtar, the CFGS speaker in May 2002, mentioned the novel *Bellemere* and spoke of its authenticity, I remembered hearing of it before but had never gotten around to chasing it down. So — OPL's Library Online to the rescue. Two days later, OPL delivered the book to my door. I started it about 8 p.m.; went to bed about 10 — then got up and finished it in the middle of the night. Reading this book is reading the history of Orlando and Orange County — beginning when young Will Taylor came from Atlanta and became involved with orange groves. It continues through the freezes of 1894, the Florida land boom and bust in the 1920s, the building of Orlando landmarks, etc. Reading it is a continual feeling of "I know these folks" — as they buy supplies at Bumby Hardware, lose their money when the banks close, and cope with the highs and lows of citrus growing. If you'd like to know more of the history of your community — within the genre of historical fiction — this is the book for you. It's available from the library or may be purchased on-line or through local bookstores [ISBN: 096734395X \$19.95] Ed. note: Some of you may remember the author, Bucky Allen, for his storytelling session several years ago when he told of "Christmas in the Trenches" at our December CFGS meeting.

review by Betty Jo Stockton

Wanted - Family information from Old Bibles

The Daughters of the American Revolution (DAR) has an on-going project to collect information from family Bible records. Often these Bibles are in the home of one descendant — with others in the family having no access and, often, not even knowing that they exist. The Genealogical Records Committee collects, transcribes and compiles these records into books that are stored at the DAR library in Washington, DC. Early records were microfilmed and are available through the Family Histories Centers.

If you have an old family Bible, why not have it included in this collection? That will insure that the records are never lost — even if your heirs decide to "throw out this old junk" or the hurricane takes off your roof.

The records need never leave your possession. Just photocopy (or photograph) the title page, the copyright page and any pages that have family data on them. Or, if you'd rather, lend the Bible to your editor for a brief period so that I can get the data. A brief description of where the family lived would help as that is not always obvious from the records. To be really helpful, make a transcription as well — you probably know best what those family names are!

The on-line catalog of the DAR Library at <http://www.dar.org/library/onlinlib.html> will let you check to see if someone has submitted the Bible records that you need. Just search by subject on your family name and look for GRC records. For more information — or to have your Bible included — give your editor a call at (407) 876-1688 or Email: bjstock@cfl.rr.com.

My Personal Memories or Autobiography

by Norman L. Myers

The most exciting years for me began when I retired in 1994 and found myself delving into a new hobby; one that would turn my past into my present. The world of genealogy created a renewed excitement into who I was and where my family's origins began. With the help of many newly discovered family members found through my research on the Internet, I've been able to trace my maternal family back to the early 1500s and my Dad's Clan to 1756.

Writing your personal memories, personal history, autobiography or whatever you might call it is a very important part of your legacy to your family. Once I was "knee-deep" into my research, I quickly discovered that I was finding names, dates, times and places, but very little narrative about my ancestors and their personal background. The toughest part is figuring out the right questions to ask and then, finding the right people to ask.

To get started, I began using a software program called *Memories* developed by Bob Blalock and Bert Brown. This posed a series of questions about my life –some 1200 to be more specific. These questions, though simple, were the building blocks for what turned into my autobiography. Albeit simplistic, the “Memories” approach allowed for dynamic research, both in quantity and quality, that provided me with the right recipe for success. Questions like, "can Johnny come out and play?" are meant to stir one's memory into action and hopefully the words will begin to flow onto the page. Once completed, I found that by converting the text format to *Microsoft Word*[®]. I was able to have greater flexibility in writing and arranging my overall document.

Some of the features of the *Memories* software include a look into where things all began for the user. The program tries to trigger early memories from birth to 12 years old. Then the software leads you to your days of adolescence, college years and early adulthood, life as an adult and then a look back into the life-changing decisions made during your life. The final areas considered ask the user to jot down some words of wisdom for those to come, and then offer a look ahead – what you feel about the future.

This is only one example of the tools available for the wanna-be genealogist. Compare others out there and decide what will best fit your needs. Whichever one chosen, I encourage young and old to begin writing down your memories. In doing so, it will also be beneficial to join the genealogical societies in the states or regions where you'll be conducting research. While some may not offer much in the way of your personal research, the networking opportunities are invaluable.

The unfortunate part in writing my autobiography and doing my family genealogical research was that I didn't begin until my parents and grandparents were gone. What a loss — not only in my personal relationships with them but also in my first level of available family historical resources. My advice, “begin now – don't wait until it's too late, because it might be later than you think.”

Brief Bio

Norman L. Myers has been doing his family genealogical research since 1988 and is a member of Societies in Ohio, Lawrence County Ohio, Crawford County Indiana, Central Florida, the Florida Chapter of the Ohio Genealogical Society and is an active member of the genealogy group of the Winter Park University Club. He is a member of the Ohio and Lawrence County First Families and Civil War Families. Past employment includes: U. S. Navy, Supreme Court of Ohio, United Way of Franklin County and Children's Hospital, Columbus, Ohio.

Schwenkfelder Family Tree Hunt Contest

At its Annual Meeting on October 14, 2001, the Society of the Descendants of the Schwenkfeldian Exiles launched a Schwenkfelder Family Tree Hunt Contest. It is known that Schwenkfelder descendants are located throughout the United States and Canada; therefore, we are appealing to societies like yours to help “get the word out” for us. Would your society be willing to include our Schwenkfelder Family Tree Hunt Contest information in your next Quarterly Journal or Newsletter? As background, **The Society of the Descendants of the Schwenkfeldian Exiles** (informally known as **The Exile Society**) was formed in 1921. Its purpose is the preservation of the history of the Schwenkfelder religious exiles and of their descendants in America. There were six migrations that came to Pennsylvania from Silesia, Germany, between 1731 and 1737 with a total of 209 making the trip safely. *A Genealogical Record of the Descendants of the Schwenkfelders* had been compiled in 1879 and, at a later date, it was determined that the records should be updated to reflect the growth of the descendants of the original exiles. Dr. Samuel K. Brecht undertook the challenge to gather the information, organize it, and publish it. The original cutoff date was to be in 1917 but some information as late as 1922 made it into the final edition of *The Genealogical Record of the Schwenkfelder Families*. In 1980, it was proposed by the Exile Society that this link with the original emigrants be extended to the present day. A form was designed to catalog four generations with the purpose of identifying lineage back to a descendant named in the 1923 publication. It is estimated that the Supplemental Genealogical Records may recognize over 35,000 individuals of Schwenkfeldian descendency not previously listed in the published edition. This will help not only today’s genealogists but makes data available to future researchers. The Exile Society maintains this file out of funds from member’s dues and volunteer’s time. An Internet web site is available with more information at www.centralschwenkfelder.com/exile describing other activities of the Society. We have pamphlets printed up, so if you would like to have copies of them to have available in your research area, I would be happy to get some of those to you. Thank you for your consideration.

Laura S. Heebner, Secretary The Society of the Descendants of the Schwenkfeldian Exiles
laura.ierry.heebner@erols.com 215-699-1723

from *Branches of Berk*, Spring 2002 sent to us by Ann Mohr Osisek

Thoughts from your editor continued from page 24

They giggled over the grandmother who insisted that the children wear knee length wool socks (because that’s what she’d worn to school - in Indiana), which they hid behind the mailbox when she wasn’t looking. When dinner was ready and I called “time”, the kids were still asking questions all the way to the table. We’ll definitely need to plan another session.

The children now have a much better understanding of not only how things used to be — but also of why Gramma Betty is the way she is. With the bank closing with all the family savings, her carpenter father out of work and the teen-age children working to help support the family during the Depression, she is tighter with those nickels & dimes than the kids think is necessary.

Hearing how she grew up with every Saturday being cleaning day — and having chores from a very early age — makes them more aware of why Gramma Betty is such a stickler for always keeping the house “picked up”.

I’d worked with 7th graders and oral history — but never with the younger kids. But they handled it beautifully — with one asking a question, another handling the video camera and the third ready to take the next turn. I’m convinced that the younger, the better — and wish I’d set this up several years ago.

My Saga of an Auto Train Trip - June 5 & 6, 1998

by Alice Creel Ball

Today, June 5, 1998, while traveling south on the Auto Train, I started seeing wild yucca, tiger lilies, Queen Anne lace and honeysuckle. Always honeysuckle in June in Virginia.

The forest we passed through had rows of tall pine trees, grown so straight to become utility poles and cross beams for railroad ties.

We crossed over Quantico Creek with its hundreds of boats, white and shining, each in their individual slips.

On past Fort Lee, the Army base where my father, Samuel Creel, enlisted in the Army for World War I in 1917.

Passing some little handmade shack that someone had lived in, abandoned (for whatever reason a poor person leaves his home) and had moved on.

On the outskirts of a very beautiful old town, homes of different styles and eras. A lovely Victorian three-story house painted lavender and trimmed in white.

At all the railroad crossings, the red warning light, and the little cars waited to cross so they could get to their homes this peaceful Friday night.

We crossed small winding freshwater creeks, deep rivers and wide swamps.

Yellow fields of hay had been cut by a large machine, rolled into big balls to be packed away for the winter.

A team of Little League ball players on their sandlot field in a small friendly town.

Beside the tracks warehouses. The business long forgotten, standing rusting away.

A farmer driving a wagon on a country dirt road from a sawmill.

Thousand of acres of plowed fields with tiny green soy beans popping through the ground.

A cemetery with the flowers wilting (left over from Memorial Day).

Houses of all sizes, shapes and colors with their little porches, cars and vegetable gardens half-way grown.

The evening sun a big red ball sinking in the west.

I was saddened to depart from my two old friends, Ruby and Doris, who I hadn't seen in quite a few years and maybe never again. But I was also saddened saying goodbye to my three daughters and others of the family.

I had gone north with a decision to make and I made it. I had thought about selling my home and moving north, to be involved in my children's lives. I think a geographical change would not be my answer. I must live my life out in my little house, make it as comfortable as possible and keep in mind the serenity prayer "*To accept the things I cannot change, courage to change the things I can, and the wisdom to know the difference*".

Next day, June 6, 1998 at 6:15 a.m., I pulled aside the curtains in my train suite, and the first thing I saw was a small lake with a man fishing. His dog beside him.

We were rolling along through south Georgia and north Florida. The landscape had changed so much. White sandy soil, scrub pines, nurseries for commercial sales, small houses, small towns, possibly small lives.

I dressed and the attendant brought me my breakfast as we were approaching our destination.

We arrived an hour early, 8 a.m., then had to wait until the working crew got there to unload our cars.

I tipped the attendant generously as he had taken such good care of me. My balance is a trial to me, but on this trip I was extremely careful.

So my SAGA of the Auto Train ends. Home to Orlando to get on with living my life.

Alice adds a quote from Abraham Lincoln:

"In the end, it is not the years of your life that count, it's the life in your years!"

Thompson Family of Montgomery, County, Alabama 1820-1876

by Sim Seckbach

David Jarrett Thompson and his pioneer ancestors were in the Montgomery County area of Alabama from before 1820 until 1876. From census records it appears that David's family lived in the area that is now Rutledge, Alabama. First this was part of Montgomery County, later Coffee County and finally Crenshaw County. The first Thompson of this family was George W. Thompson. His will, dated November 1819, was one of the first probated in Montgomery (11 December 1820.) According to his will, George and his wife Elizabeth had 4 sons — James, Charlton, George, and John and a daughter, Elizabeth.

James W. Thompson was married to Jemima Graham on 12 October 1827 as recorded in the Montgomery County marriage book. Jemima was the daughter of another early settler, Mercer Graham. James W. Thompson is listed in the 1840 Census in Montgomery County; in the 1850 census Jemima is listed as a widow with 5 children. The children were James Porter Thompson born in 1828, Thomas Wade born in 1832, Emily A. born in 1833, David Jarrett born 18 August 1838, and Nancy Parlee born in 1841. A comparison of the neighbors of the 1840 and 1850 census indicates that they were living on the same farm each time. James W. served in the Indian Wars and it is not known if he was killed or died of other causes. On 16 May 1856, Jemima was awarded a Land Warrant for James's service in the Indian Wars. The 1850 census also shows Jemima to be living only 3 farms away from her father, Mercer Graham, and her sister, Mary Graham. The 1860 census shows James Porter to be the head of household with Jemima, David Jarrett and Nancy still in the residence, which appears to be the same as the 2 prior census years except the county is now Coffee. The 1870 census has Jemima living with her other son, Thomas W. (a grocery merchant and with 3 young children), and her daughter, Nancy, with a young son. Thomas appears to have lost his wife and Nancy, her husband. James is still on his farm but there is no record for David Jarrett Thompson. On 26 August 1871, Nancy is appointed administrator of her brother Thomas' estate and it appears that Jemima and the young son of Thomas have also died as the only heirs are his 2 daughters, Mary Ann Thompson and Elizabeth Thompson — both minors.

During the War Between the States, James Porter Thompson, Thomas Wade Thompson, and David Jarrett Thompson all enlisted in the Confederate Army. James Porter and David Jarrett both enlisted at Elba, Alabama on July 22, 1861. James Porter was a corporal in Company A of the 18th Alabama Infantry and David Jarrett was a private in the same unit. Their brother Thomas Wade was commissioned a Second Lieutenant on February 22, 1862, in Elba, Alabama. He served in Company A. of the 33rd Alabama Regiment. During the war, all three were taken prisoner.

David Jarrett Thompson was taken prisoner at the Battle of Chattanooga on 15 November 1863. He was sent to Rock Island Prison in Illinois and transferred for exchange to Point Lookout Prison Maryland on 16 February 1865. No additional records of David Jarrett have been found in Alabama, this time although it is known that he was in Alabama until 1876.

David Jarrett married Martha Elizabeth Peek [date unknown.] His brother James Porter married her sister Louisiana. In 1876, the two families along with the family of Anderson Peek (the brother of the two wives) and the family of Nancy Parlee Blake (sister of David and James) all moved to Washington County, Texas. They settled on a plantation near the city of Chappel Hill, Texas owned by Dr. John Lockhart. The 1880 census of Washington County, Texas shows David Jarrett to be the father of 7 children, all born in Alabama. Among those was Robert Little Thompson, born in Birmingham, Alabama 28 October 1869 — the grandfather of my wife.

for more information on this family, contact Sim at sseckbach@aol.com
or 420 Melrose Av, Winter Park, FL 32789-5046

We'd like to hear about your family too. Why not write up a page or two about your family and research? Include a genealogy if you'd like — or a document that relates to your family.

Is there an interesting will, inventory, diary, letters, etc? If it interests you, it will probably interest our readers.

1885 Florida State Census - Orange County

(Film M845 Roll #10 at Orlando Library & Archives; #088971 at Family History Center.)

Orlando [census date 20 Jun 1885]

Page 21 continued

Page	HH	Name	Race	Age/Sex	Relationship	Marital	Birth - Self/Father/Mother	Occupation
21	182	Munger, Geo. C.	W	31M	-	S	KY/NY/MD	Printer
21	182	Mills, R. L.	W	17M	-	S	IL/IL/WI	Printer
21	182	Nicholls, W. L.	W	19M	-	S	KY/NY/MD	Printer
21	182	Munger, C. H.	W	39M	Head	M	KY/NY/MD	Printer
21	182	Munger, F. A.	W	34F	Wife	M	KY/KY/KY	-
21	182	Hawkins, Geo	B	14M	Servant	S	FL/-/-	-
21	182	Barnes, W. F.	W	28M	-	S	TN/TN/TN	Printer
21	182	Owens, C. W.	W	22M	-	S	KY/KY/KY	Printer
21	182	Mills, P. D.	W	13M	-	S	IL/IL/WI	-
21	183	Murphy, A. W.	W	40M	Head	M	OH/OH/OH	Saddler
21	183	Murphy, Caroline	W	30F	Wife	M	OH/OH/OH	-
21	183	Murphy, Charles	W	12M	Son	S	OH/OH/OH	attended school
21	183	Murphy, Harry	W	10M	Son	S	OH/OH/OH	attended school
21	183	Murphy, Caroline	W	8F	Dau	S	OH/OH/OH	-
21	184	Way, E. H.	W	56M	-	M	OH/OH/OH	Sadler
21	185	Marks, M. K.	W	45M	Head	M	GA/GA/GA	Real Estate
21	185	Marks, M. F.	W	35F	Wife	M	FL/FL/FL	-
21	185	Marks, R. P.	W	8M	Son	S	FL/GA/FL	-
21	185	Roberts, Arthur	W	30M	Servant	M	Eng/Eng/Eng	Laborer
22	185	Roberts, Eliza	W	25F	Servant/ Wife	M	Eng/Eng/Eng	-
22	185	Rogers, Eva	W	7F	Sis-n-law	S	Eng/Eng/Eng	-
22	185	Owens, Willis	B	25M	Servant	S	GA/GA/GA	-
22	185	Tomlinson, Walter	W	23M	Sec.	S	GA/GA/GA	-
22	186	Porter, Dwight D.	W	40M	Head	M	NY/NY/NY	Lawyer
22	186	Porter, A. D.	W	33F	Wife	M	NY/NY/NY	-
22	186	Porter, Mabel F.	W	10F	Dau	S	NY/NY/NY	-
22	186	Porter, D. D.	W	5M	Son	S	NY/NY/NY	-
22	186	Porter, R. A.	W	3M	Son	S	NY/NY/NY	-
22	186	Etty, Thos	W	30M	Servant	S	Eng/Eng/Eng	Laborer
22	186	Smith, Maggie	W	14F	Servant	S	Eng/Sco/Eng	-
22	187	McCulloch, A. T	W	34F	Head	W	KY/MA/OH	Boarding House
22	187	McCulloch, Lucy	W	12F	Dau	S	OH/VA/KY	attended school
22	187	McCulloch, George	W	10M	Son	S	OH/VA/KY	attended school
22	187	McCulloch, Leo	W	8M	Son	S	OH/VA/KY	-
22	188	Cox, P. C.	W	23M	Head	M	GA/GA/GA	Bookkeeper
22	188	Cox, A. L.	W	21F	Wife	M	AL/VA/AL	-

Page	HH	Name	Race	Age/Sex	Relationship	Marital	Birth - Self/Father/Mother	Occupation
22	188	Smith, Sam	B	17M	Servant	S	GA/GA/GA	-
22	189	Cannon, W. C.	W	52M	Head	M	GA/GA/GA	Carpenter
22	189	Cannon, Mary J.	W	48F	Wife	M	GA/GA/GA	-
22	189	Cannon, W. L.	W	23M	Son	S	GA/GA/GA	Tinner?
22	189	Cannon, W. B.	W	19M	Son	S	AL/GA/GA	Baggage Master
22	189	Cannon, J. W.	W	18M	Son	S	AL/GA/GA	Blacksmith
22	189	Cannon, Nancy E.	W	16F	Dau	S	AL/GA/GA	-
22	189	Cannon, Lucy	W	8F	Dau	S	AR/GA/GA	attended school
22	190	Summerlin, Mary	W	36F	Head	D	FL/FL/FL	-
22	190	Summerlin, Lowell	W	18M	Son	S	FL/SC/FL	-
22	191	Hardman, F. T.	W	28M	Head	S	AL/GA/SC	Revenue Col.
22	191	Moreland, R. A.	W	45F	Sister	W	AL/GA/SC	-
22	191	Moreland, R. E.	W	15F	Niece	S	GA/GA/AL	attended school
22	191	Davis, Nellie	W	11F	Niece	S	GA/GA/AL	-
22	192	Stubberfield, Wm C.	W	47M	Head	M	VA/VA/VA	Contractor
22	192	Stubberfield, Anne	W	46F	Wife	M	VA/VA/VA	
22	192	Stubberfield, Mary L.	W	19F	Dau	S	VA/VA/VA	
22	192	Stubberfield, Thos. L.	W	17M	Son	S	VA/VA/VA	attended school
22	192	Stubberfield, Anne C.	W	14F	Dau	S	VA/VA/VA	attended school
22	193	Abbott, Dr. S. N.	W	61M	Head	M	ME/ME/ME	Builder
22	193	Abbott, B.	W	51F	Wife	M	OH/MA/MA	-
22	193	Abbott, Geo.	W	14M	Son	S	MN?/ME/OH	-
22	194	Veach, S. G.	W	68?F	Head	W	VA/VA/VA	-
22	194	Mahoney, T.	W	40F	-	S	MO/MA?/MA?	-
22	195	Mosteler, A. J.	W	25M	Head	M	GA/GA/GA	Carpenter
22	195	Mosteler, V. V.	W	24F	Wife	M	GA/NC/SC	-
22	196	Austin, J. M.	W	53?M	Head	M	TN/VA/TN	Carpenter
22	196	Austin, E. A.	W	50F	Wife	M	TN/TN/NC	-
22	196	Austin, Ida L.	W	18F	Dau	S	GA/TN/TN	-
22	196	Austin, J. M.	W	10M	Son	S	GA/TN/TN	-
22	197	Girard, J. B.	W	63M	Head	W	IN/OH/PA	M.D.
22	197	Girard, L. E.	W	23M	Son	M	IN/IN/PA	Lath__?
22	197	Girard, Nellie	W	20F	Dau	M	OH/NY/PA	-
23	198	Scruggs, A. T.	W	39 M	Head	M	MS/VA/VA	RR Employee
23	198	Scruggs, M. A.	W	38 F	Wife	M	TN/TN/TN	-
23	198	Scruggs, Eugene	W	16 M	Son	S	MS/MS/TN	Clerk
23	198	Scruggs, Winston	W	14 M	Son	S	MS/MS/TN	attended school
23	198	Scruggs, Finch	W	10 M	Son	S	MS/MS/TN	attended school
23	198	Scruggs, Willy?	W	7 M	Son		MS/MS/TN	attended school

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